Marks: 100

Om Shri Param Krupalu Devay Namah

Patrank – 166

Hitshiksha 1, 2

WORKSHEET		

Nan	ne:				Т	el. No	.:				Group:	
(I)				_	en below = Anubha		each of	the qu	estior	ıs bel	low, join two of them and answer in Marks : 10	
	(Dev,	Sat,	Ahan,	Atma,	Purush,	Ran,	Guru,	Jnan,	Jag,	Kar))	
1.	What	is moi	re impo	rtant tha	ın acharar	ı (prac	tice)?					
2.	What	have I	come t	o Sadgui	ru to brea	k, not	decorat	e?				
3.	Which	word	l indicat	es Sadg	uru is God	for m	e?					
4.	What does the asadguru lack, due to which his refuge is negated?											
5.	You cannot get a husband but can only get a boy.											
	Likew	ise, w	ho will	get to s	urrender	to?						
(II)	Cho	ose th	e right	answer							Marks: 10	
1.	At			, l	Param Kru	ıpalu I	Dev had	said fo	r seek	ers to	o memorize something everyday.	
	(a) Ida	ar			(b) Va	aso			(c) U	ttarsa	anda	
2.	2. The peace experienced due to reduction in desires, passions, thoughts is sukh.						s issukh.					
	(a) au	pchar	ik		(b) aı	ıpshar	nik		(c) at	mik		
3. Thinking with a negative judgement is												
	(a) saı	ndeh			(b) sł	anka			(c) ta	rk-vit	itark	
4. By accepting Sadguru's ajna, we will develop the virtue of vivek (discrimination)						op the virtue of vivek (discrimination).						
	(a) wi	th our	intelle	ct	(b) w	ith ou	r heart		(c) as	a for	rmality	
5. The sukh in the beauty of is actual.												
	(a) ros	se			(b) ca	ictus			(c) no	either	r rose, nor cactus	
(III)	Mate	ch the	colum	ns.							Marks: 10)
2) V 3) S 4) I	reachi	ess life h of m ng to	nithya (f someon	e witho	ut a yearn rough sup	_	love			b) Si c) Cr d) H	Vishtano keedo (insect of faeces) Snapping of fingers Crying in the jungle Himalaya Beggar's dream	
1)	2)		3)	4)	. 5)							
(IV)	Writ	e wh	ether th	ie state	ment is tı	ue or	false. G	live rea	ison i	f false	e. Marks: 10)
1. I	n the fi	rst hi	tshiksha	a Param	Krupalu I	ev has	s preach	ed givi	ng up	of all	objects of mayik sukh.	

If one feels there is a difference between Sadguru and scriptures, he should correct the sentences of th scriptures.
Maintaining the comforts of the body and mind, and having complete surrendership towards Sadguru - both are not possible together.
It is possible that there are desires even if there are no material objects, but it is not possible that there ar material objects but no desires.
Right following of ajna happens when one sees infinite benefit in ajna and vibhav (impurities).
) Explain the words of the patra. Marks : 1
Either there is sukh, or there is no sukh. Then what does "mayik sukh" mean?
Jyarthi e vakya shravan karyu
Kram
Shodh
Manthi arpanbuddhi
T) Answer in one sentence. Marks : 1
Which four things did Pujya Gurudevshri show for right shravan (listening) to attain Self-realisation?
What will we do if we see material objects as garbage, and if we see them as gold?
Explain the relation between the first and second hitshiksha.
Explain the meaning of Sadguru becoming the strongest attraction in life.
Which talks of Sadguru do we accept easily, and which ones are we unable to accept?

(VII) Answer in brief Marks : 20

1. Why did Pujya Gurudevshri stress on feelings for changing abhipray (beliefs)? Explain the process of changing abhipray in short.

2.	a) There is sukh in sensual pleasures because I can experience the sukh.b) The one who does not have sensual pleasures is not sukhi.(resolve both points along with an example)
3.	Even though there is dukh after indulging in sensual pleasures, but till then there is no dukh. (Give any four points).
4.	Behind kramno abhyaas, Param Krupalu Dev's deeper meaning is to drop the things with more intensity first and then those with less intensity.
5.	At the end, one has to renounce sense objects anyway, so there is no need to correct my understanding. There is no harm in directly renouncing things.

From the above explanations, it is my firm decision that without giving up all kinds of desires for illusory pleasures there is no freedom and I will practise the kram from now itself.