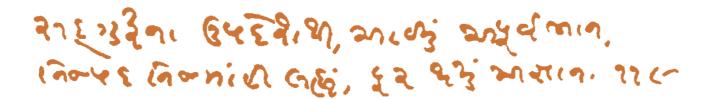
## ATTAINMENT OF ENLIGHTENMENT

### LINK

- 1) In this section 'Expression of disciple's Enlightenment', Param Krupalu Dev gives an amazing heart-touching account of the disciple's state after attaining Self-realisation as well as his feeling of devotion towards the benevolent Guru.
- 2) Immersed in the feeling of gratitude, expressing his attainment of Enlightenment, the worthy disciple says -



Sadguruna updeshthi, avyu apurva bhan; Nijpada nijmahi lahyu, dur thayu ajnan. 119

#### WORD TO WORD MEANING

- 1) Sadguruna updeshthi = By teachings of the Enlightened Mentor
- 2) Avyu = Attained
- 3) Apurva bhan = Unprecedented realisation
- 4) Nijpada = True Self
- 5) Nijmahi = Within me
- 6) Lahyu = Obtained
- 7) Dur thayu = Disappeared
- 8) Ajnan = Ignorance

- By the teachings of the true Guru,
- I realised my true Self within, which I had never experienced before,
- And my self-delusive ignorance was destroyed.

## **EXPERIENCED HIMSELF AS PURE CONSCIOUSNESS**

#### LINK

- 1) Through the Guru's solutions, the disciple gained doubtless conviction regarding the six fundamental truths resulting in his experiencing the Self.
- 2) The knowledge, which till now functioned as wrong knowledge, turned into right knowledge.
- 3) Expressing how he has perceived his nature on attaining right knowledge, the disciple says -

का के हैं। निक व-स्बेष ते, विदर्भ के तना देप, काक्य काम का किंगा कि, के हिराता तरे क्टेंट. १२०

Bhasyu nijswaroop te, shuddha chetnaroop; Ajar, amar, avinashi ne, dehatit swaroop. 120

#### WORD TO WORD MEANING

- 1) Bhasyu = Experienced
- 2) Nijswaroop te = Himself as
- 3) Shuddha chetnaroop = Pure consciousness
- 4) Ajar amar avinashi ne = Unchanging immortal imperishable
- 5) Dehatit swaroop = Separate from the body

### **SHORT MEANING**

 I now experience my Self as pure consciousness which is ageless, immortal, indestructible and distinct from the body. (Free from old age, death and destruction.)

## **EXPERIENCES HIMSELF AS THE NON-DOER OF KARMA**

#### LINK

- 1) The disciple stated that he was convinced regarding the first 2 fundamental truths the soul's existence and eternal nature.
- 2) Now in verses 121 and 122, he conveys the conviction he has gained regarding the third and fourth fundamental truth, that is, the soul being the doer and enjoyer of karma.
- 3) Describing how the soul's doership and enjoyership modifies after the advent of Self-realisation, the disciple says -

इत्ती काइता इप्रको , विकाय चर्तिको थे, व्यक्ति वही कि का दिना, श्रेषे अक्षा का स्टांपे. 222

Karta bhokta karmano, vibhav varte jyay; Vrutti vahi nij bhaavma, thayo akarta tyay. 121

#### WORD TO WORD MEANING

- 1) Karta bhokta karmano = Doer and enjoyer of karma
- 2) Vibhav varte jyay = Till delusion prevails
- 3) Vrutti vahi nij bhaavma = When tendency flows within
- 4) Thayo akarta tyay = Becomes non-doer of karma

- The soul is the doer and the enjoyer of karma as long as there is delusion.
- When the attentiveness flowed towards my own Self, I became the non-doer of the karma. (Also non-enjoyer of its fruits.)

## DOER AND ENJOYER OF PURE MODIFICATIONS

#### LINK

- 1) When the tendencies flow towards one's own pure nature, the soul becomes the non-doer and non-enjoyer of impure feelings and material karma.
- 2) Despite this, it is certainly the doer and enjoyer of the pure modifications.
- 3) The fact has been explained in this verse -

अभिवा निक्पारिताम के, क्षेत्र के तनार्ष,

Athva nijparinam je, shuddha chetnaroop; Karta bhokta tehno, nirvikalp swaroop. 122

#### WORD TO WORD MEANING

- 1) Athva = Or / alternately
- 2) Nijparinam je = Own modifications
- 3) Shuddha chetnaroop = Pure consciousness
- 4) Karta bhokta tehno = Doer and enjoyer of it
- 5) Nirvikalp swaroop = Unperturbed nature

- Alternately it may be said that,
- I became the doer and enjoyer of my own modifications which are of the nature of pure consciousness without any thought activity.

## THE GOAL AND THE PATH

#### LINK

1) Now the worthy disciple, narrates how the Guru had explained and how he has understood the last 2 fundamental truths of the soul - 'there is liberation' and 'there is a path of liberation'. The disciple says -

भाषा १६में जिन्नेश्वन्ता, ते पामे ने पंदे; राभक टमोरे मं शिपमां, माइप्र मार्डिंग्स. १२३

Moksh kahyo nijshuddhata, te pamey te panth; Samjavyo sankshepma, sakal marg nirgranth. 123

#### WORD TO WORD MEANING

- 1) Moksh kahyo = Liberation was said
- 2) Nijshuddhata = Purity of the soul
- 3) Te pamey = By which you achieve this state
- 4) Te panth = Is the path
- 5) Samjavyo sankshepma = Explained concisely
- 6) Sakal marg = Complete path
- 7) Nirgranth = Disentangled

- Liberation is the pure state of one's own Self,
- The way it is attained is the path.
- The entire path of the disentangled Lord,
- Has been explained in brief.

## OVERWHELMING GRATITUDE TOWARDS THE GURU

#### LINK

- 1) In verses 119 123, Param Krupalu Dev has imparted the essence of the understanding of the 6 fundamental truths in the form of the disciple narrating his own experience.
- 2) Now from verses 124 to 127, the worthy disciple expresses his gratitude towards the Guru with immense exhilaration for His great compassion.
- 3) In the first of these verses, the disciple says -

आहो। आहो! आ वर्ष्य क्षेर्य, इदिलाकों के अहारे, आ प्राप्त प्रच क्ष्य क्षेर्य, आहो! आहो! विष्ठारे. १२४

Aho! Aho! Shri Sadguru, karunasindhu apar; Aa pamar par Prabhu karyo, aho! Aho! Upkar. 124

#### WORD TO WORD MEANING

- 1) Aho! Aho! Shri Sadguru = O! O! The true Guru
- 2) Karunasindhu apar = Boundless ocean of compassion
- 3) Aa pamar par Prabhu karyo = Done on this wretched disciple
- 4) Aho! Aho! Upkar = O! O! Favour

- O! O! The great Enlightened Guru, unfathomable ocean of compassion;
- On this worthless being,
- O Lord! You have done the immense benevolence.

## OFFERING HIMSELF AT HIS LOTUS FEET

### LINK

- 1) As the worthy disciple wishes to reciprocate the supreme benevolence bestowed upon him by the Guru, he now ponders over how he could possibly do so.
- 2) In a humble expression of offering at the Lotus Feet of the Guru, the disciple says -

रेडं अलु ब्रेन्स्य के भर्ते, क्रात्माश्य को स्वः ते तो अलुको क्रास्थिते, बन्दी ब्रेन्स्सिन. १२६

Shu Prabhucharan kaney dharu, atmathi sau heen; Te to Prabhue apiyo, vartu charanadheen. 125

#### WORD TO WORD MEANING

- 1) Shu Prabhucharan kaney dharu = What can I offer at Your Feet
- 2) Atmathi sau heen = Everything lower than the soul
- 3) Te to Prabhue apiyo = Which the Lord has given me
- 4) Vartu charanadheen = I live under Your directions

- O Lord! What can I offer at Your Lotus Feet in return of Your immense benefaction?
- Everything in this world is inferior than the soul.
- The soul itself (i.e. Self-realisation) has been bestowed upon me by You.
- Thus, it being impossible for me to offer anything, I firmly decide to live at Your command for the rest of my life.

## UTMOST MODESTY AND SENSE OF SUBSERVIENCE

### LINK

- 1) The humble disciple has harboured the wish to offer everything of his at the Lotus Feet and lead a surrendered life.
- 2) In this verse, strengthening the desire to live as per His will, the disciple says -

Aa dehadi aajthi, varto Prabhu adheen; Das, das hu das chhu, teh Prabhuno deen. 126

### WORD TO WORD MEANING

- 1) Aa dehadi = This body etc.
- 2) Aajthi = From this moment
- 3) Varto = Act
- 4) Prabhu adheen = As commanded by the Lord
- 5) Das, das hu das chhu = Servant, servant, servant I am
- 6) Teh Prabhuno deen = Of that Lord

- From now onwards, let this body etc. be employed in the service of the Lord.
- Let me be a servant, a humble servant, the most humble servant of the Lord.

## **GURU'S BENEVOLENCE IS IMMENSE**

### LINK

- 1) Again and again, reminiscing the boundless grace of the Guru, the disciple's heart overflows with reverence.
- 2) Expressing the nature of the Guru's benevolence, in the concluding verse of this section as well as the dialogue between the Guru and the disciple, he says -

४८ १-१। नर राभका दने, किक जनाकी कर्त, भी। न भरी तरकार प्राचित्र के हिर्देश अभाषः १२०

Shat sthanak samjavine, bhinna batavyo Aap; Myan thaki tarvarvat, e upkar amaap. 127

#### WORD TO WORD MEANING

- 1) Shat sthanak samjavine = By explaining the six doctrines
- 2) Bhinna batavyo Aap = You have explained the separateness of the soul from the body
- 3) Myan thaki tarvarvat = Like sword from its sheath
- 4) E upkar amaap = This favour is immeasurable

- By Your convincing teachings regarding the six fundamental truths,
- You have revealed to me the nature of my Self, distinct and different from the body as the sword from the sheath.
- This is Your immeasurable favour to me.